

## Tregony CP School EYFS skills progression 2024-2025

At Tregony Primary School, we want the very best for our children. We will equip them with the skills, knowledge and experiences they need to be successful in their future choices. Furthermore, we aim to ensure that children are ready for the next stage in their life and that they are aware of the opportunities that are available to them. We recognise and celebrate how special and important Cornwall is yet seek to develop children's understanding of the wider world and their place within it. Early Years Foundation Stage

- Recognise children's prior knowledge from previous settings and their experiences at home
- Embed positive behaviours for learning through the Characteristics of Effective Learning by providing play and exploration, active learning, creative and critical thinking
- Recognise every child as a unique individual
- Work collaboratively with parents and carers to encourage independent, enthusiastic learners who thrive and reach their full potential
- Teach and build upon early skills, knowledge, concepts and values
- Provide enhancement opportunities to engage learning and to increase our first-hand experience of school which should be happy and positive
- Provide vibrant continuous indoor and outdoor provision, that follow children's interests, to support learners in investigating, developing and challenging skills and knowledge
- Enable children to achieve the Early Learning Goals at the end of reception and to ensure children are making good progress from their starting point
- Support transition so that children are prepared and ready for Reception and Key Stage 1

Nursery	Key skill-	Progression								
C&L		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2			
	Singing and rhythm	<ul> <li>Enjoy singing and playing music, joining in with actions and sometimes lyrics.</li> <li>Begin to join in with a range of familiar songs with actions.</li> <li>Sing a large repertoire of songs.</li> </ul>								
		Knowledge outcome       - To listen to and copy rhythmic patterns.         -To know to sing words clearly so that they are audible.								
	Listening and understanding stories.	- Enjoys listening to			stand what is happening what happens.	g.				
				- make prediction	as happened in the stor is based on understand story using key vocabu	ing of the story.				
							rent characters and what they are doing. cters feelings at different parts of the story			

	Knowledge outcome		- To use	n and remember what has happened. pictures or prompts to understand a story. erstand the story, including character and plot.			
Using speech	-Use and understand - Use and understand - Develop a conversat - Use multisyllabic wo - Use back and forth of - Speak in sentences -Have mostly clear sp - Use a wide range of - Use talk to organise -Use talk to organise to -Ask why, where, wha	lialogue in play. of more than 6 words. eech that can be understo vocabulary. themselves. heir peers in play.	ntext, sometimes est. bod by others.				
	Knowledge outcome			e needs, wants and interests with adults. e positively with peers.			
Understanding language	<ul> <li>Understand s</li> <li>Listen to, and</li> <li>Respond to s</li> <li>Follow two st</li> </ul>	Understand familiar words Understand simple instructions Listen to, and follow simple instructions. Respond to simple questions appropriately. Follow two step instructions, showing understanding Understand why questions.					
	Knowledge outcome			erstand the spoken language and respond to them with gestures or speech. w instructions accurately.			
Focused discussion	Use Aut 1 to establish Speech and understanding skill. Introduce to those who are ready.	-Talk about themselves - Talk about subjects tha -Answer questions and - Listen to questions and	ental sounds and a familiar to them- and their family in at are special to th share opinions us	animal noises. Family, pets, friends, favourite items. detail. em, asking questions to clarify understanding. ing the relevant vocabulary. arnt vocabulary and detail.			
		Knowledge outcome		<ul> <li>To establish conversation through back and forth dialogue.</li> <li>To use new or learnt vocabulary to enhance dialogue or answering questions.</li> </ul>			

Reception Key skill- Progression
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					throughout our whole cur earning opportunities and		east one area is being taught/encouraged at all		
C&L		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2		
	Singing and rhythm	- listening and repeating lyrics to songs     - confidently use voices to join in with well-known songs focusing on pitch     - know and sing a large repertoire of songs							
		Knowledge outcome       -To know that words can be put into rhythmical sentences         -To understand what `high` and `low` notes are         -To listen to and copy rhythmic patterns at different tempos.							
	Listening and understanding	<ul> <li>Concentrates and answers questions about picture books</li> <li>listens to stories and can explain what is happening.</li> <li>listens to longer stories and can remember key aspects</li> <li>-Understand familiar words and phrases</li> <li>-Understand and follow instructions with more than one step.</li> <li>-Respond to questions appropriately</li> </ul>							
		<ul> <li>-Describe what has happened in the story with great detail using full recognisable sentences</li> <li>make accurate and in-depth predictions based on understanding of the story.</li> <li>Confidently retell a familiar story using familiar key phrases</li> </ul>							
					-Discuss why o -Explain Chara -To name key f	features of non-fiction boo features of a traditional s	in way. the story and why they feel that way ks		
						questions, com	rely and respond to what they hear with relevant ments and actions when being read to and during cussions and small group interactions;		
						-Make commer to clarify their u	nts about what they have heard and ask questions inderstanding; tion when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges		
		Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To know simili</li> <li>To focus on the second s</li></ul>	e problem and expl	es within different genres ain it in great detail character and plot and ra				

Using speech	-To describe a - Talk about wl -To express ide	- To know and explain the difference between different genres (Poems, traditional, etc) -To describe and compare different texts in great detail – linking to similarities and differences - Talk about why things happen using new learnt vocabulary -To express ideas, thoughts and feelings using well-structured sentences - To hold a detailed conversation within peers and adults						
		ELG: Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary; -Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate; -Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present, and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.						
	Knowledge outcome	-To communicate thoughts and rationale's in great detail -To use learnt vocabulary throughout conversations -To engage in meaningful conversations with peers and adults -To understand instructions and how to respond to them -To understand spoken sentences						
Focused discussion		<ul> <li>-To know and explain what themselves and others within their family in great detail</li> <li>- To compare different festivals</li> <li>- To talk about the role of how to keep healthy</li> <li>- To explain how to look after your body</li> <li>- To explain different process within the environment (Life cycles etc)</li> <li>- Talk about subjects that are special to them, asking questions to clarify understanding.</li> <li>-Answer questions and share opinions using the relevant vocabulary.</li> <li>- Listen to questions and answer using learnt vocabulary and detail.</li> </ul>						
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To establish conversation through back and forth dialogue.</li> <li>To use new or learnt vocabulary to enhance dialogue or answering questions.</li> </ul>						

Nursery	Key Skill	Progression					
		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2
PSED	Self confidence	<ul> <li>Look to ke</li> <li>Build a relation</li> <li>Have confi</li> <li>Have confi</li> </ul>	rom main carer and settly worker for comfort whe ationship with key worke idence to have a go at a idence to communicate ansitions with support.	en hurt and upset. r and other adults in the ctivities within the nurse	e room to feel safe and s	ecure.	

	<ul> <li>Transition from one activity to the next independently.</li> <li>Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.</li> <li>Show more confidence in new social situations.</li> <li>Thrive as self-assurance is developed.</li> <li>Enjoy being taken to new environments outside of Nursery with peers and key workers.</li> <li>Attempt new challenges with support of adults.</li> <li>Carry out new challenges independently.</li> </ul>						
	Knowledge outcome	-To leave my main carer happy and enjoy nursery with confidence. - To feel confident in new situations and environments.					
Self awareness	<ul> <li>Develop a sense of self and understanding 'who am I.'</li> <li>Recognise differences in myself, family members and peers.</li> </ul>						
	- Ask questions	ces, such as skin colour, types of hair, gender, special needs and disabilities. about these differences. er questions about these differences.					
		<ul> <li>Develop their sense of responsibility within the Nursery</li> <li>Develop membership of a community within the school and local area.</li> </ul>					
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To understand who I am and I am different to others.</li> <li>To understand that there are differences between countries, cultures and people.</li> <li>To feel part of a community with responsibilities.</li> </ul>					
Toileting		and bowel movements before going with gestures and then words. For toilet is used for, having a go during nappy changes. Four and words. Four may need support with wiping forcasional accidents					
	Knowledge Outcome	- To use the toilet independently and understand when I need to use the toilet.					
Health and hygiene.	<ul> <li>Wash hands after toileting and before eating</li> <li>Wash hands independently.</li> </ul>	g with support					

	- Understand why it is important to wa	- Understand why it is important to wash hands after toileting and before eating.						
		-explore healthy foods. -Make healthy food choices. -Understand why eating healthy food is important						
		-Begin to understand why teeth brushing and oral hygiene is important. -discuss what we can do to stay healthy. -understand why it is important to keep our bodies healthy.						
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To be able to make healthy choices.</li> <li>To understand the importance of hand and oral hygiene.</li> </ul>						
Understanding Emotions	<ul> <li>Identify emotions for different</li> <li>Safely explore emotions bey</li> </ul>	eir normal range through play and stories. ds like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. rent situations. aborated ways						
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To understand and express my emotions positively.</li> <li>To understand and respond to others emotions appropriately.</li> </ul>						
Independence	Enjoys doing things themselves and i Select and use activities and resource Learn where to look for resources with Show independence in accessing and Making choices and selections with	es, with some support if needed. hin the class, with support. d exploring the environment. proofs and wellies, using support when needed.						
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To select resources and make choices in my play, knowing where to go and get them and put them back.</li> <li>Dress independently.</li> </ul>						
Playing with peers	<ul> <li>Play with one or more other</li> <li>Develop friendships with oth</li> <li>Join in with play with peers.</li> </ul>	nce on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available. children, extending and elaborating play ideas. ler children. keep play going by giving ideas and selecting resources.						

	Knowledge Outcome	- To play with peers collaboratively.
Taking Turns and sharing	<ul> <li>Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waitin</li> <li>Develop appropriate ways of being assertive.</li> <li>Take turns whilst playing and waiting patiently to have</li> <li>Share resources and play in a group with reminders</li> <li>Begin to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries.</li> <li>Talk with others to solve conflicts.</li> <li>Share resources independently in play.</li> </ul>	
	Knowledge Outcome	- To share toys with peers and take turns without support.

Reception	Key Skill	Progression	rogression						
		AUT 1							
PSED	Self confidence	nfidence       -To identify feelings associated with belonging         -Identify things they are good at         -Identify how to stand up for themselves         Image: Identify feelings associated with being proud         Image: Identify feelings a							
					at they kept on trying roud	and achieved a goal			
		Knowledge outcome	-To know special things abo -Know what being unique m -Know different ways to star -know that they don't have to -Know what a challenge is -Know that's it is important to -Know what a goal is	eans nd up for myself o be `the same as` to	be a friend				
	Self-Awareness	-To develop a sense of how to be responsible in the setting -Know they have the right to learn and play, safely and happily -Know that families can be different -Know that people have different homes and why they are important to them							
		-Be able to vocalise success for themselves and about others successes -Identify some ways they can be different and the same as others -Recognise similarities and differences between their family and other families -To know how to be ambitious, resilient							

	_		-Recognise how kind	words can encourage of	her people		
				-Can explain what to o	to if a stranger approache	es them	
	-Can identify what jobs they do in their family and out by parents/carers and siblings						
						-Identify how they have changed from a baby -can say what might change for them as they get older -Can identify positive memories from the past year in school/home	
					behave accordingly.	rules, know right from wrong and try to rules, know right from wrong and try to	
	Knowledge outcome	-To know that some peop -Know what being proud -Know that people can be -Know which words are k -Know some jobs that the -Know that they must wor -know when they have ac -Know how to say no to s -Know what to do if they g -know what a family is -Know that different peop -Know the name and func -Know that we grow from -Know that remembering	means and that people ca e good at different things ind ey might like to do when the rk hard now in order to be chieved a goal strangers get lost le in a family have differe ctions of some parts of the a baby to adult	an be proud of different t ney are older able to achieve the job nt responsibilities (jobs) e body		older	
Health and hygiene.		after toileting and before ea why it is important to wash I	hands after toileting and b				
				ent foods can make the y need to do to stay hea			

		-Can ex	plain how they might feel if they don't	get enough sleep	
		I			nygiene and personal needs, to the toilet and understanding the d choices
	outcome -Ki -Ki -Ki -Ki -Ki -Ki	o understand the importance of har now the names of some parts of the now what the word `healthy` mean now some things that they need to now that they need to exercise to be now how to help themselves go to now when and how to wash their h	heir body is o do to keep healthy keep healthy sleep and that sleep is good for them		
Understanding Emotions	-To identify feelings	s of happiness and sadness explain others' feelings	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	-R	ecognise emotions when they or s	gry		
				-Can recognise what being a - Can use calm me when and	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-Recognise that changing class can elicit happy and/or sad emotions -Can say how they feel about changing class/growing up
				others, and begin to regulate their -Set and work towards sim what they want and contro appropriate. -Give focused attention to appropriately even when e	f their own feelings and those of
	outcome -To -Ki	o know how happiness and sadnes o know that hands can be used kin now the names of some emotions now which words are kind	•		

r								
			-Know that unkind words can never be taken back and they can hurt					
			Know how to use jigsaw calm me to help when feeling angry					
			Know some reasons why others get angry					
		-Know who to talk to when they are feeling worried						
		-Know that haring how they feel can help solve a w	orry					
Independence		PE with support						
		nd put on wet weather clothes when needed						
	-Choose activ	vities around the room with sustained concentration						
		-To use resources around t						
			Change for PE indep					
				try new activities and show independence, resilience and				
			perseverance in the f					
				asic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the				
			toilet and understand	ing the importance of healthy food choices				
	Knowledge	-Dress independently and efficiently						
	outcome	-To know different clothing for specific types of wea						
		-know what they can achieve in the different areas	of the classroom					
		- know how to concentrate for longer periods of tim	e without support					
		- To know what resources are around the room in o		na				
Playing with peers	- To kr	now how to play cooperatively with others						
		new new to play cooperatively with others						
		-Identify how to make friends						
				-Can suggest ways to make a friend or help someone who is				
				lonely				
				-Can use different ways to mend a friendship				
	Knowledge	-To play with peers collaboratively.						
	Outcome	-Know different ways of making friends						
		-Know why having friends is important						
		-Know some qualities of a positive friendship						
		-Know some of the characteristics of healthy and sa	afe friendship					
		-Know that sometimes friends fall out	·					

Nurser	Key Skill	xill Progression
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PD		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2			
	Movement control	- Mov - Sit c - Run - Spin - Cop - Usin - Clim	<ul> <li>Walk, run, jump and climb – and start to use the stairs independently.</li> <li>Move in different ways in order to develop gross motor skills.</li> <li>Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle.</li> <li>Run skilfully and be able to negotiate space.</li> <li>Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings.</li> <li>Copy dance moves and move to different kinds of rhythms.</li> <li>Using a balancing apparatus.</li> <li>Climb apparatus safely.</li> <li>Move equipment safely with peers.</li> </ul>							
		Knowledge of	utcome		- To	be able to control movem	ents of my body.			
	Mark making and writing.       -Mark make in sensory trays -Mark Make, copying different patterns. -Have a go at a variety of mark making activities. - Use mark-making resources with increasing independence, using palmer grip. -Begin to show a preference for a dominant hand. - Begin to show a preference for a dominant hand. - Mark make using thumb and two fingers when using pencils and pens. - Draw lines and curves to make shapes and pictures. - Confidently hold the pencil, using the tripod grip.         Begin to form letters Begin to write their name with support.									
		Knowledge O	Dutcome	-		rrite their name. To hold a mark making tool correctly. To mark make to represent my name.				
	Eating and       -       Begin to gain independence with eating and drinking.         drinking       -       Use pincer grip to pick up finger foods and bring to mouth.         -       Use a lidded drink cup accurately with two hands.         -       Eat using a knife and fork         -       Use an open cup to drink accurately.         -       Hold jugs and containers         -       Confidently and pour water or milk.									
		Knowledge O	outcome		-To pour an	d drink with accuracy.				

Fine Motor	<ul> <li>stack four or more blocks to build</li> <li>Pick up small objects using thum!</li> <li>Fit small shapes and objects into</li> <li>Turn pages in a book one at a tim</li> <li>Screws and unscrews toy nuts ar</li> <li>Use tweezers and scissors to stree</li> <li>Begin to use hammers and scissor</li> <li>Use Scissors confidently.</li> <li>Handle malleable materials with in</li> </ul>	b and finger. holes during posting activities. he. hd bolts. engthen muscles. brs safely.
	Knowledge outcome	- To use large and small motor skills to do things independently.

Reception	Key Skill	Progressio	 on						
PD		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2		
	Movement	-To carry out sufficient arm and shoulder strength by showing they are able to move hands and fingers without moving shoulders							
	control	-Able to m	ove rotate lower	arms and wrists in	dependently				
		-To develo	p strong coordina	ation skills					
		-To develo	op good core mus	cles to balance					
		-To develo	p moving around	the space with co	ontrol and grace				
				-Develop the	e ability to jump in diffe	erent ways			
				-Control my	body when jumping a	nd balancing			
				-To be able t	to balance using a ran	ige or resources			
				-Sequence j	umps				
		-Develop the ability to roll in different ways -Develop coordination							
		-Develop the ability to control balls					range of ways		
			-Develop the ability to throw accurately at a target						
					-Develop coordination through the use of bats/rackets to move and control an object				
					-Catch and bo				
					-Develop the a	ability to kick balls			
						-Increase the ab	ility to move around, onto under and through		
						equipment			
							nents together while negotiating different equipment		
						(coordination/ba	lance)		
						GLD:			
						-Negotiate space a	nd obstacles safely, with consideration for		
						themselves and oth	·		
						-Demonstrate strer	ngth, balance and coordination when playing		

			-Move energetically, such as runnin	g, jumping, dancing, hopping,
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To be able to balance for a short period of time</li> <li>To be able to run around without bumping into obstacl</li> <li>To move my body confidently around the room</li> <li>To know how to make my body move effectively</li> <li>To know how to jump in different ways</li> <li>To know how to jump over equipment</li> <li>To travel confidently in a range of ways</li> <li>Control a ball and move it round my body</li> <li>Move balls in a range of ways</li> <li>Kick a range of objects towards a target</li> <li>Control an object into targets</li> <li>Throw objects in and at targets</li> <li>Show good control when using equipment in a range of create my own ways of moving</li> <li>put my movements into sequence</li> </ul>		
Mark making and writing.	-Use scissors -Confidently u -Can copy sou -Can draw wit -Beginning to	ards a comfortable pencil grip (Tripod grip) to snip paper use one handed tools to create the correct affect me shapes and patterns th increased control, accuracy and care form some letters nd circles both clockwise and anticlockwise -Cut and follow straight lines -use large and smaller paint brushes -Show more control when forming let		apes using scissors
				-Beginning to write in a more fluent and efficient style
			GLD: -Hold a pencil effectively in prepa tripod grip in almost all cases; -Begin to show accuracy and car	aration for fluent writing – using the e when drawing.
	Knowledge Outcome	<ul> <li>To hold a mark making tool correctly (knowing</li> <li>To know how to hold paper in one hand and to</li> <li>To know what shapes and patterns look like</li> </ul>		

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			- To know the importance of handling tools with care and to remember how to be safe			
		<ul> <li>To know the correct letter formation rhyme</li> </ul>	es			
Eating and		drink independently				
drinking	-Confidently e	at using a knife and fork by holing it correctly				
	-Hold and pou	Ir water jugs and cups				
		- Can use a knife and fork together to cut up and eat food				
			GLD: Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery;			
	Knowledge Outcome	-To pour and drink with accuracy. -To know how to hold the fork and knife in both har	nds correctly			
		-To know that the knife cuts and you eat with the fo				
Fine Motor	-Unfasten and	fasten buttons on clothes				
	-Open and clo	ose containers				
	-Can pull a zip	o up after an adult has started				
	-thread beads	on a string independently				
			<ul> <li>Can sew using a simple stitch</li> <li>Can shape and mould malleable materials using tools</li> <li>Can start and fasten a zip with little help</li> </ul>			
			GLD: -Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the			
		tripod grip in almost all cases;				
		Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery;				
	Knowledge	- To use large and small motor skills to do t	- To use large and small motor skills to do things independently.			
	outcome	- To know the process of zipping up items of				
		- Develop more fine motor control when the				

Nursery	Key skill	Progression							
		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2		
Literacy	Identifying and recognising sounds.	- Spot rhythm and rhy	<ul> <li>Join in with a range of nursery rhymes.</li> <li>Spot rhythm and rhymes</li> <li>Count or clap syllables in a word</li> </ul>						
				<ul> <li>identify initial sounds in words</li> <li>recognise words with the same initial sound.</li> </ul>					
							ise some phonemes. gether to make words		

	Knowledge outcome	To recognise and identify sounds To recognise phonemes to introduce the start of phonics and reading.			
Understanding Text	<ul> <li>Repeat words and phrases from</li> <li>Talk about a range of familiar</li> <li>Talk about what's happened in</li> </ul>	and the words. are with adults and peers, or look at alone. rom familiar stories. r stories. in a story. fference between text and pictures ries.			
		- Recognise familiar logos and labels within the environment			
		<ul> <li>Find and identify familiar letters.</li> <li>We read text from left to right.</li> <li>Identify the features of a book</li> </ul>			
	Knowledge outcome	<ul> <li>To understand words are made up of letters and sounds.</li> <li>To know that text has meaning and different purposes.</li> </ul>			
Writing	-	tify their marks. meaning to their marks. bose and be able to talk about the marks.			
		Begin to form some letters correctly, e.g. letters in their name.			
	Knowledge outcome:	To write letters correctly, including those used in my name.			

Reception	Key skill	Progression								
		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2			
Literacy	Word Reading RWI	-Independently look at books, holding them the correct way and turning pages -To know set 1 sounds m,a,s,d,t,I,n,p,g,o,c,k,u,b,f,e,I,h,r,j,v,w,x,y,z,,th,sh,ch,qu,ng,nk								
	-To enjoy an increasing range of books including fiction, non-fiction, poems an rhymes -To recap and continue with set 1 sounds -To begin to blend sounds into words orally									
	-To recap and continue with set 1 sounds -secure blending of words with special friends									
		-To blend words containing 4/5 sounds and consonant blends								

	-To be exposed to some common	exception words
	-To begin to l ay,ee,igh,ow, -To begin to l sounds	know set 2 sounds oo,oo,ar,or,air,ir,ou,oy olend words containing set 2 ed of reading words containing
	GLD: -Say a sound and at least -Read words knowledge b -Read aloud that are cons	I for each letter in the alphabet 10 digraphs consistent with their phonic y sound-blending simple sentences and books istent with their phonic ncluding some common
Knowledge outcome	-To read all single letter set 1 sounds     -Blend sounds into words orally     Blend sounds to read words     -Read short ditty stories     -Read red story books     Read green story books     -Read some set 2 sounds     -Develop speed when reading     -To know that each letter makes a sound     -To now the difference between red words and phonemes     -To use my phonics knowledge to help me identify mistakes	
Comprehension	-To know all characters can have different appearances and personalities -To use vocabulary -To use vocabulary -To answer question questions about what has been read -To know all characters can have different appearances and personalities -To use vocabulary in appropriate context	
	-To verbally give simple predictions/suggest how a story m -Recall simple definition for given vocabulary -To act out familiar stories -Talk about characters in the books they are reading	ight end

						<ul> <li>-To retell stories and narratives using my own words and recently introduced vocabulary</li> <li>-To know information can be retrieved from books</li> <li>GLD:</li> <li>-Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary</li> <li>-Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories;</li> <li>-Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.</li> </ul>
	Knowledge outcome	-To know that t -To know and o -To know the o -To learn and u	d words are made up of text has meaning and d enjoy the core books lifference between diffe use new vocabulary to o a story has a beginning	ifferent purposes. rent genres describe or retell stories	3	
Writing	-To confidently make -To copy/write my na -To begin to write C	e recognisable n ame using the co	narks orrect letter formation -To engage in story tin -To use the correct let	nes, joining in with repe ter formation of taught l bels using taught soun		ns
			<u> </u>		ught sounds ords correctly -To begin to form cap	apital letter and ends with a full stop
					-Begin to read their w	

		-Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; -Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
Knowledge Outcome:	<ul> <li>-To write letters correctly, including those used in my name</li> <li>-To recognise my name and the letters in it</li> <li>-To know that many words can be put together to make a sentence</li> <li>-Know the writing formation rhymes</li> <li>-To know that capital letters are formed differently and why</li> <li>-To know sentences need finger spaces so you can read it</li> <li>-To know what a full stop looks like and why we use it</li> <li>-To know how to make changes to work</li> </ul>	

Nursery	Key Skill	Progression								
Maths		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1 SPR 2 SUM 1 SUM 2						
	Identifying Colours	<ul> <li>Match coloured objects to specific colour</li> <li>Spot the correct colour from a group of objects</li> <li>Sort and group coloured objects into categories</li> <li>Selecting correct colour when asked.</li> <li>Identifying an object by its colour when asked.</li> </ul>								
		Knowledge Outcome	-	-	To identify colours.					
	Identifying shapes			to fit inside - Complete in - Match objects - Sort objects - Spot familia - Identify fam - Explore 2D - Combine sl - Identify 2D	others. hset puzzles. cts to the correct shap into groups of the co ar shapes within famili iliar shapes such as o and 3D shapes in pla hapes to make new of shapes (Circle, squar escribe a shape's prop	be (for example on a s prrect shape iar environments circle, star, heart. ay (for example block nes. re, triangle, rectangle) perties (sides and corr	play) hers)			
		Knowledge Outcome To recognise basic shapes and understand								
	Counting	<ul> <li>Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.</li> <li>Develop counting-like behaviour, such as making sounds, pointing or saying some numbers in sequence.</li> <li>Count in everyday contexts, sometimes skipping numbers - '1-2-3-5.'</li> </ul>								

	<ul><li>Say one number for e</li><li>Count objects in play</li></ul>	- Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').					
	Knowledge Outcome		- To accurately count to 5 and beyond.,				
Understanding number	- Show 'finger numbers	of number e.g. they are ' up to 5. on of up to 3 objects, wi	ubitising').				
		<ul> <li>Compare amounts of objects</li> <li>Order amounts of objects from smallest to biggest.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the match the numeral, up to 5.</li> <li>Order numerals from 1-5</li> </ul>				r example, showing the right number of objects to		
					<ul> <li>Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.</li> <li>Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.</li> </ul>		
	Knowledge Outcome		To have a strong und To recognise numera		pers to 5, using this to solve real life problems. to amounts.		
Understanding Positional language	Understand position through we -Talk about what happened tod			e table," – with no p	pointing.		
					<ul> <li>Describe a familiar route.</li> <li>Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.</li> </ul>		
	Knowledge Outcome		•		To understand and use positional language accurately .		
Understanding measure.		Explore different sized containers for filling and pouring. Notice how different sized and shaped containers carry different amounts					
		<ul> <li>Explore weights of different objects.</li> <li>Compare, weights etc. using gestures and visuals</li> <li>Explain differences using mathematical vocabulary.</li> </ul>			gestures and visuals		
					- Explore different tools for measuring		

			<ul> <li>Noticed differences in sized of objects.</li> <li>make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.</li> <li>Order objects according to their size.</li> </ul>
	Knowledge Outcome		o compare sizes of objects in regards to weigh, capacity or length. o order objects based on their measure.
Recognising and making patterns	<ul> <li>Notice patterns.</li> <li>Arrange objects into patterns.</li> <li>Talk about and identifies the patterns around them.</li> <li>Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional,</li> </ul>	such as 'first', 'then'	
			<ul> <li>Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf.</li> <li>Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.</li> </ul>
	Knowledge Outcome		To spot a pattern and be able to continue it or correct it.

Reception	Key Skill	Progression					
Maths		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2
	This term will foo the children and Baseline Assess		1				
	Sorting						
		that it can hold when full					
					-To sort numbers (9 and 10) -To match and sort 3D shapes		

					-To match pictures to the correct numerals up to 20		
	Knowledge			erences between colours and shape			
	Outcome		-To know the difference between 1,2 and 3 -To recognise and know the similarities and differences within real life shapes				
			numbers up to 2		5		
			ifference betwee				
		-To use mather	matical vocabula	ary to explain shapes – sides/corner etc			
Identifying shapes				en objects using the correct mathematical lang	guage		
	To know t	the names and pr	operties of 2D s				
				- To know the names and properties			
				- To recognise 3D shapes within the	real-life environment		
	Knowledge			d understand their properties.	to identify them		
	Outcome		ifference betwee	e everywhere within our environment and how en 2D and 3D	to identify them		
Number				h the quantities of numbers up to 3			
				using different resources (such as Five Frame	es)		
			pers up to 5 in d	ifferent ways			
		-To subitise nu		subitise and when counting is needed			
				ts, both unstructured and structured, including	using a number frames		
					ey can see, to develop their conceptual subitising		
		skills	ent an angemen				
				inside larger numbers			
		-Connect quan		ers to finger patterns and explore different way			
			•	in with the counting sequences, and connect	this to the `staircase` pattern of the counting		
			numbers	ting abills and knowledges that the last number	r talla ua `hau manu`		
				ting skills and knowledge; that the last numbe I than anything can be counted	r tens us now many		
				of objects by matching			
				op the language of `whole` when talking abou	t objects which have parts		
		-To understand and explain the concept of zero and identify					
		-To compare numbers to 5					
				-To identify equal and unequal groups			
				-To use scenarios to find out how many are I	eft- Counting		
				-To identify how many are altogether			
				-To identify numbers up to 5 using 3 groups			
				-To represent, compare numbers up to 8 -To combine two groups together to find a to	tal		
-!							

	patterns - Sort odd and even numb -Order numbers	for numbers within 5 the numbers 6,7 and 8 qual groups when com equal groups can be c bers according to thei	3 as `5 and a bit` paring numbers alled a `double`- connecting this to finger
	-C -Ti -Ti -E	Explore a range of repl	ithin 10
			<ul> <li>-To match representations o numbers 11-15 to the correct numeral</li> <li>- To represent numbers on tens frames up to 20</li> <li>-To recall number bond facts up to 10</li> <li>-Develop a sense of magnitude</li> <li>-Know one more and one less than numbers within 10</li> <li>-To identify when sets can be subitised and when counting is needed</li> <li>-To develop upon my subitisng skills including when using a rekenrek</li> </ul>
			GLD -Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number -Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 -Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts)

			and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.		
	Knowledge	-To know what resources to use to represent numbers			
	Outcome	To know what numbers up to 20 looks like			
		-To know when to count to find a total			
		-To know number songs			
		-To know the total, count and how many			
		they can see and work out how many are hidden			
		-To know when to count to find a total			
		-To know when to use number bonds to find a total			
		-To know the difference between numeral and pictorial			
		-To know how and when to subitise			
		-To use mathematical language to compare and explain findings			
		-To know how to use different resources to explain mathematical problems	s/questions ( rekenrek)		
Numerical Patterns	-To identify more an	d less within two groups			
		-To represent one more and one less of numbers up to 3 using sentence s			
		-To add on more of a given number up to 5- explaining reasoning using the	•		
		-To use stem sentences to explain one more	e and one less of a number		
		-To order numbers -To count back from			
			GLD -Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 10/20 -To estimate and explore findings -To identify odd and even within groups up to 10		
	Knowledge Outcome	<ul> <li>-Know what more and less means and how to compare</li> <li>-To know how to represent one more and one less of a given number</li> <li>-To know what zero means</li> <li>-To use resources to identify and make different combinations of numbers up to 10/20</li> <li>-To know different number stems in order to explain explanations</li> <li>-To know the difference between counting forwards and backwards</li> <li>-To know what steps to take within word problems</li> <li>-To know the difference between even and odd numbers</li> </ul>			
Understanding Positional language		-To Instruct others using the correct positional language- more than one st	ep		

		To know and explain scenarios using the correct positional language					
	Knowledge Outcome	-To understand and use positional language accurately -To know when to use optional language -To know the difference between different positional language					
Understanding measure.	-To compare height -To compare differe	within different objects					
		<ul> <li>-To explore balance scales and represent heavier and lighter – creating own balance scales</li> <li>-To recognise and show/create full, nearly full, nearly empty an empty</li> <li>-To show different amounts</li> <li>-To compare height using the correct vocabulary</li> <li>-To compare length using the correct vocabulary</li> <li>-To measure time effectively</li> </ul>					
	Knowledge Outcome	<ul> <li>To compare sizes of objects in regards to weight, capacity or length.</li> <li>To order objects based on their measure</li> <li>To how to measure time</li> </ul>					
Recognising and making patterns	-	reate different AB patterns and explain the rule (not just colour) rect mistakes within patterns					
		-To sequence events and explain reasoning -To sequence my own event in the correct order -To know the days of the week					
	Knowledge Outcome	-To know what a pattern is and how to create one -To know a pattern doesn't always have to be colour -To know that events happen in a specific order and recognise my own events					

Nursery	Key Skill	Progression	Progression					
Understand		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2	
ing the	Understanding	<ul> <li>Notice diffe</li> </ul>	- Notice differences between myself and others					
world	Diversity	- Notice the	differences between	other people.				
		- Continue c	- Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.					
		- Know that	- Know that there are different countries in the world.					
		- Know that	- Know that different countries may speak different languages.					
		- Learn abo	- Learn about other cultures and festivals.					

	- Talk about the difference	<ul> <li>Talk about the differences between countries they have experienced or seen in photos.</li> <li>Talk about the differences between people from different countries.</li> <li>Begin to understand people from the same country may be different (skin colour, different cultures, clothing etc)</li> </ul>					
	Knowledge Outcome	nces between people different countries with	n different cultures.				
Exploring Force	Understand that wheeled toys will Manipulate forces such as push a Talk about why forces may change	Explore the movement of materials such as water to observe gravity.         Understand that wheeled toys will move when pushed         Manipulate forces such as push a car harder to make it go faster or move a pipe to make water travel slower.         Talk about why forces may change with their actions.         Explore and talk about different forces they can see or feel.         Knowledge Outcome       - To understand how forces effect their actions in play.					
Exploring Mater	xploring Materials.       Explore materials with different properties using all my senses, including natural materials in and out of the setting.         Make observations, sometimes through talk about the properties.       Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.         Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.       To understand materials are made of different properties.						
Exploring the		Explore changes in the natural environment.					
seasons	Begin to understand the weat	Begin to understand the weather and temperature changes during the year, due to seasons.					
	<ul> <li>Explore the changes of Autumn.</li> <li>Recognis e the signs of Autumn</li> </ul>	and signs si winter. b - Notice how w the season - is changing a and discuss what is observed.	Explore signs of spring, noticing buds, plants and vildlife. Discuss changes and understand vhat is happening.	<ul> <li>Explore signs of summer.</li> <li>Discuss sun safety.</li> <li>Notice the changes within the season.</li> </ul>			
	Knowledge Outcome	Too notice the chang	ges within the seasons a	and begin to understand why it is happening.			
Understanding things	ving things.						
			- Understand the	nd care for growing plants. e key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. nat living things may need to survive.			

	Knowledge outcome	- To underst		ir environment. ke care of living things s need air, food, drink and shelter to survive.	
Using Technology	<ul> <li>show an interest in toys that light up or make noises, has knobs, pulleys and buttons.</li> <li>Explore the interactive resources such as IWB or ipad</li> <li>Show an interest in technological toys</li> <li>Use the iPad to take pictures</li> <li>Mark make on IWB.</li> <li>Draw pictures on IWB, changing colour and pen size.</li> <li>Carry out simple tasks on IWB or IPad</li> <li>Explore how Beebots work.</li> </ul>				
Exploring Occupations		- Identify	nterest in different occu people with differnet o ay different occupation	occupations	
	Knowledge Outcome	- To understand different people do different jobs.			
Exploring families	<ul> <li>Talk about my family</li> <li>Listen and make connections between the features of their family and other families within my peers.</li> </ul>				
				- Explore, discuss and ask questions about my own family and others.	
	has a history.				

Reception	Key Skill	Pro	gression				-		
Understandin		AUT 1		AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2	
g the world	People, culture and	-	To discuss d	lifferent family traditio	ns		-		
	communities	-	Talk about th	ne differences betwee	n people from different co	ountries.			
		-	To understa	nd people from the sa	me country may be differ	ent (skin colour, different cultur	es, clothing etc)		
		-	Talk and cor	npare what makes ou	irselves and friends speci	al			
		-	Talk about m	Talk about my family traditions in detail					
		-	Listen and n	isten and make connections between the features of their family and other families within my peers					
		-	To explore a	nd discuss our role m	odels and how they affec	t us			

r	_								
	<ul> <li>To explore and compare different rules of different religions, making connection to our school</li> <li>To listen and retell different stories from different religions</li> </ul>								
			•						
	- To sequence different religious stories								
	- To compare different role models in religious stories- making connections on how their actions might make them and others feel								
	- To discuss lessons and facts about different religious stories								
		-To understand different types of traditions within different festivals/celebration s -To understand why Christians celebrate Christmas -To know and retell different Christian	<ul> <li>-To explore and make connections with a different religion (Chinese New Year)</li> <li>-To listen and make connections with different stories linked to different beliefs (linking with Chinese religions)</li> </ul>	-To explore, discuss and make connections linked to Easter -To understand and explain why Christians celebrate Easter -To retell, sequence and discuss different stories linked to Easter					
		stories linked in with Christmas -To compare similarities and differences between my traditions and Christians							
					<ul> <li>-To compare similarities between different homes around the world</li> <li>-To make connections with different building around the world- linking to their religions</li> <li>-To make connections with different buildings. Places around the world</li> <li>-To explore and investigate different Churches linked to the Christian religion- linking it to my own environment</li> <li>-To explore and compare other religious places where different people prayer/visit</li> </ul>				
					GLD Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts, and maps;				

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
							-Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class -Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps
		Knowledge	-To recognise the di	ifferences between peop	ble		
		Outcome	<ul> <li>To underst</li> </ul>	and there are different c	countries with different cu	ultures.	
			<ul> <li>To know a</li> </ul>	nd understand different i	role models in religious s	stories	
			<ul> <li>To underst</li> </ul>	and that some counties/	religions have different	rules compa	are to us
				nd explain different famil			
				ifferences and similaritie			
				nd discuss different relig			
			<ul> <li>To recogni</li> </ul>	se myself as an individu	al and that some people	e can believe	e the same/different
	Working Scientifically	-Make simple stateme					
		-Begin to ask question		se			
		- Perform a simple tes					
		-Put objects and living	g things into groups				
					nd describe what they se		ıg
		Knowledge	To uso my loornt k	nowledge to explain find	answer simple question	115	
		Outcome		swer questions to find o			
		Guttonic		st is and how to carry the		ource I migh	t need
				ngs by groping/To know		sa. oo i mign	
				vocabulary to explain fin			
				serve and collect data to			
	Exploring the	-To know the signs of		-To know signs of	- Explore signs of		-To know signs of summer
	Seasons	-To recognise and exp		Winter	spring, comparing		-To recognise and explain the changes of Summer in
		changes in great deta	il (changes of	-To recognise how	the difference to		great detail (changes of light/temp)
		light/temperature		animals keep warm	what it has looked		
				in the winter	like in Autumn		
				-To understand changes in the	-To know different		
				environment when	animals and why		
				winter occurs and	they happen mainly		
				why (Freezing)	in Spring		
					<u></u>		GLD
							-Explore the natural world around them, making
							observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants

			- Know some similarities and differences between the
			natural world around them and contrasting environments,
			drawing on their experiences and what has been read in
			class
			-Understand some important processes and changes in
			the natural world around them, including the seasons and
			changing states of matter.
	Knowledge	-To notice the changes within the seasons and begin to understand why it is	happening.
	Outcome	-To recognise different features of seasons	
Exploring Materials		rials and their different properties using all my senses, including natural mate	rials in and out of the setting.
		arities, differences, patterns and change within different materials	
		ollections of materials with similar and/or different properties, explaining my re	
	-Talk about the differe	nces between materials and changes they notice in great detail using senten	ce stems
			GLD
			-Understand some important processes and changes in
			the natural world around them, including the seasons and
			changing states of matter.
	Knowledge	-To know simple materials such as; wood, metal, plastic etc	
	Outcome	-To understand different materials are made from different properties	
		-To learn and use scientific vocabulary to explain findings and reasons	
The Natural World	-Observe living things	in their habitats.	
	-To understand the ne	eed to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things and e	xplain how to care for some animals
	-Describe what I see,	hear and feel whilst outside	
	-To recognise some e	nvironments are different to the one in which I live	
		- Independently plant	seeds and care for growing plants, explaining the process
			features of the life cycle of a plant and several animals
			ing things may need to survive
	Knowledge	-To identify living things within their environment.	
	outcome	-To understand that we need to take care of living things and how	
		-To begin to recognise living things need air, food, drink and shelter to surviv	/e
		-To recognise some animals and plants will prefer different things in order to	
			GLD
			-Explore the natural world around them, making
			observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants
			- Know some similarities and differences between the
			natural world around them and contrasting environments,
			drawing on their experiences and what has been read in
			class

				-Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.			
Using Technology	To be able to recognise how technology is used at home and to understand how to use it responsibly						
	-To understand that i	nformation can be taken from ICT sources such as	ooking at photographs of th	neir family on Tapestry			
		-Know how to paint a simple					
			-To know different techno	nme the bee-bots to follow a route plogy to be able to take photos and film videos whiteboard to complete learning games			
	Knowledge	-To know different types of technology and their p	urpose				
	Outcome	-To explain how useful Technology can be					
		-To operate some simple technology independent	y				
Past and Present	-Recount activities th	nat's happened in my past using photos as prompts					
	-Begin to recognise s	similarities and differences between the past and to	lay				
	-Using photographs	and stories to compare the past with the present da	/				
	-Recognise that diffe	rent members of the class may notice different thing	is in photographs from the j	past			
		t the differences they can see in photographs or ima	ges ( in stories) that repres	sent the past			
	-Being aware of char	nges that happen throughout the year					
		and images to make simple observations about the					
	-Communicate findin	gs by pointing to images and using simple language	e to explain my thoughts				
	-Deciding whether pl	hotographs or images (e.g. from stories) depict the p	past				
	-Recognising signific	ant dates (Birthdays)					
	-Beginning to use co	mmon words and phrases for the passage of time, e	even if using inaccurately (e	e.g yesterday, today, tomorrow, last when, "when I was in			
	nursery"						
	-To make simple obs	ervations about the past from photographs and ima	ges				
				GLD			
				-Talk about the lives of the people around them and their			
				roles in society			
				- Know some similarities and differences between things			
				in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and			
				what has been read in class			
				-Understand the past through settings, characters and			
				events encountered in books read in class and storytelling;			
		-To know that some photographs and drawings re	propert the past	storytening,			
				at have already happened, even if used inaccurately			
	Knowledge	-To know that they started as a baby but have sin		a nave aneauy nappeneu, even ii useu inducuralery			
	Outcome	-To know that someone's age is the time since the					
Exploring the World		ns about the characteristics of places (in stories, ph		arounds/local area)			
		no about the characteristics of places (III Stolles, pli	Stographs of in the school g	yrunushular area)			

			ind images are different to the environment they live in					
	-Making observations	s about the features o	of places (in stories, photographs or in the school grounds	s/local area)				
	-Ask questions about	t the world around the	em					
	-Commenting on the features they see in their school grounds							
	-Answering simple questions, guided by the teacher							
	-Representing some	of the features they n	otice in their school and school grounds					
	-Beginning to look at	and talk about maps)	) real or imaginary) in stories, non-fiction books, atlases a	and on globes				
			specific place and its features, beginning to explain my re					
		s on maps (real or im						
	-To identify land and	water on maps or glo	bes					
	-Creating real or image	ginary maps even if	-To observe weather across the seasons	-To recognise features on maps (real or imaginary)				
	features are indisting		-Observing and discussing the effect the changing					
			seasons have on the world around them					
	-Beginning to use mo		-Beginning to use the names of the seasons in					
	vocabulary when des	-	the correct context					
	the surrounding envir	ronment						
				GLD				
				Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from				
				observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts, and maps				
				-Know some similarities and differences between different				
				religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on				
				their experiences and what has been read in class				
				- Explain some similarities and differences between life in				
				this country and life in other countries, drawing on				
				knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when				
				appropriate – maps.				
	Knowledge	-To know some voc	abulary to describe different bodies of water, even if used	d inaccurately (sea/ocean, lake, river pond)				
	Outcome		p is a picture of a place					
		-To know that usual	ly water is represented in blue on a map or globe					
			of my school and the place where I live					
		-To know some voc	abulary to describe the characteristics of different places	, even if used inaccurately (hill, field, building, road, house,				
		old)						
			ce and its features can be represented in a picture					
			abulary to describe directions, even if used inaccurately					
			erms Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter are used to de	escribe the season				
			he key characteristics of each season					
			are four seasons in a year marked by certain weather co	onaltions				
		I - TO KNOW that place	s within this country can differ from each other					

	-To know that there are differences between places in this country and places in other counties

Nursery	Key Skill	Progression									
Expressiv		AUT 1 AUT 2 SPR 1 SPR 2 SUM 1 SUM 2									
e Art and design	Making music	Show enjoyment of music. Respond emotionally and physically to music Move and dance to music. Explore their voices and enjoy making sounds. Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds. Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways. Remember and sing entire songs.									
			Sing the pitch of			n (pitch match).					
			Perform songs w			<ul> <li>Play instruments with increasing control to expression of the expressio</li></ul>					
		Knowledge Outcome			To sing with confidence and perform to others To understand rhythm, tempo and volume.						
	Drawing and Painting	Start to make mar Explore paint, usir Give meaning to n Create closed sha Draw with increas Explore colour and Draw or paint wha Knowledge Outco	ent objects. and including details. ing.								
	Being imaginative	Take part in simple	pretend play using			ct colours with the	ought. ough they are not simila	r			
	in play	Begin to create wo	orlds and stories usir with support e 'small worlds' with	ng small world							
		Knowledge Outco	me			To independent	ly select resources to cro	eate imaginative play.			

Reception	Key Skill	Progression

Expressive		AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SUM 1	SUM 2			
Art and	Exploring Music	-Respond to music	with movement, altering it to reflect tempo, dynamics or pitch of the music							
design		-Listen to and follow a beat using body percussion and instruments								
		-Considering whether a piece of music has a fast, moderate or slow tempo								
		-Listening to sounds and matching to the object or instrument								
			s and identifying high a							
		-Listening to and repeating a simple rhythm								
					nd grouping them accord	ngly				
			h body percussion and v		to music					
			laying instruments in dif							
			maintain my role within	a group performance						
		- To stop and start p	playing at the right time							
				gesting appropriate act	ions					
			-Explore stories behir							
			-Listening to and repe							
				rcussion `in time` with a						
				jects to use as instrume						
				struments to represent oin in with well-known so						
				th instruction to perform						
				ormances to a small au						
					ulence	GLD				
		-Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and								
							colour, design, texture, form, and function			
							is, explaining the process they have used;			
		Knowledge	-To understand how	to listen carefully and ta	alk about what I hear					
		Outcome	e -To understand how to listen carefully and talk about what I hear -To know that sounds can be copied by my voice, body percussion and instruments							
			-To understand that instruments can be played loudly or softly							
			-To know that music	often has more than or	ne instrument being playe	d at a time				
			-To know that there	are special songs we ca	an sing to celebrate even	S				
			-To understand that	my voice or an instrume	ent can match an action i	n a song				
				g to music can be part						
				ifferent sounds can be I	ong or short					
				that is `fast` or `slow`						
			-To know that the beat is the steady pulse of a song							
					movements to the speed	l (tempo) or pulse (bea	it) of music			
				s can tell us when to sta						
				a piece of music can te						
					nd like a particular charac	ter				
				t `high` and `low` notes						
			- Io recognise that version	oices and instruments c	an imitate sounds from th	e world around us (e.g	j. vehicles)			

			at is the standy myles of a same	1			
			at is the steady pulse of a song				
			hestra is a big group of people playing a varie				
		-To understand that performing means playing a finished piece of music for an audience					
	Drawing, painting	-To explore mark making using a range of c					
	and sculpture	-To investigate marks and patterns when dr					
		-To identify similarities and difference betwee					
		-To investigate how to make large and sma					
		-To practise looking carefully when drawing					
		-To combine materials when drawing					
		-Enjoy looking at and talking about art					
			s of art and use lots of different types of materi	als			
		-Recognise that artists can be inspired by n	nany things				
		-Talk about my artwork stating what I feel a	nd how I did well				
		-To discuss if I like an artwork or not and be	egin to form opinions by explaining why				
			-To explore paint, using hands as a tool				
			-Describe colours and textures as I paint				
			- To explore what happens when plain color	urs mix			
			-To make natural painting tools				
			-Investigate natural materials e.g. paint, wa	ter for painting			
			-Explore paint textures, for example mixing				
			-To respond to a range of stimuli when pain				
			-Use paint to express ideas and feelings				
			-Explore colours, patterns and compositions	s when combining materials in collage			
				-Explore the properties of clay			
				-Use modelling tools to cut and shape soft materials e.g. playdough			
				clay			
				-To select and arrange natural materials to make 3D artworks			
				-To talk about colour, shape and texture and explain my choices			
				-o plan ideas for what I would like to make			
				-To problem-solve and try out solutions when using modelling			
				materials			
				-To develop 3D models by adding colour			
				GLD			
				-Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs			
				-Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when			
				appropriate try to move in time with music.			
			rawing materials, art application techniques, m	nixed-media scraps and modelling materials to create child-led art with			
		no set outcome					
			pservational skills (for example, by using mirror				
			and manipulate safely, focussing on process of				
		Outcome -To being to develop	observational skills (for example, by using mi	rrors to include the main features of faces)			

	-To enjoy looking at and talking about art -Recognise that artists create varying types of art and use lots of different types of materials -Recognise that artist can be inspired by many things					
Being imaginative in play	-To create worlds and stories using small world resources and extend play through dia -Confidently select resources to enhance play	sources to enhance play naginative 'small worlds' with construction and loose parts, explaining my reasoning in detail uations in play				
		GLD -Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher -Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.				
	Knowledge OutcomeTo independently select resources to create imaginative play. To extend play by adding more or different resources					